

Year 6

Home-Learning Menu

Spring 1

Home-Learning Challenge	English	Maths	Торіс
Bee Challenge	Collect as many examples of persuasion as you can from the local environment. This could include posters, leaflets, adverts from newspapers and magazines, or examples from TV. What are they persuading the reader / viewer to do? What makes them so persuasive?	Research Wassily Kandinsky (1866-1944) an abstract artist who worked with angles and shapes. Who was he? What makes his work so unique?	In Science, we will be learning about classifying animals. What are the key differences between the following animal groups? Insect, Amphibian, Mammal, Fish, Reptile, Bird Find out about an unusual animal from each group.
Brave-Bee Challenge	Design and create a persuasive advert for a new toy or game. Think about how you will make this memorable and appealing to your audience. You can choose to make a poster, or record this like a TV advert, and upload it to Google Classroom.	Look at some examples of Wassily Kadinsky's work. Name and label the different 2D shapes that you can find, including the different types of triangles and quadrilaterals. List the properties of these shapes.	In Geography, we are going to be learning about populations. Look at a world map and estimate the population of different countries. Then, research the latest figures. How close were you? Were there any surprises? Which country has the highest / lowest population?
Super-Bee Challenge	Write a persuasive letter to a person in a position of authority. This could be a local MP, business, parent or teacher. Think about what you would like to persuade them to do, or change about their current behaviour. Use as many persuasive techniques as you can!	Create your own piece of artwork in the style of Wassily Kandinsky. This could be a drawing, painting, or a collage. Use a variety of different 2D shapes, angles and symmetry.	In History we will be learning about the Industrial Revolution. Find out about a famous invention from this time, such as the steam engine or electric bulb. Who invented it? What problem did it solve? How did it change society? Is it still used today? Has it changed over time?